

## LITHIUM ION BATTERY SAFETY TESTING REPORT

<b>Applicant:</b>	益誠國際驗證股份有限公司 臺北市中山區長安東路2段108號7樓之5
<b>Manufacturer:</b>	詳見報告第2頁
<b>Product:</b>	可充式鋰離子單電池
<b>Model:</b>	INR18650/35V
<b>Rating:</b>	3.65 Vdc, 3500 mAh, 12.775 Wh
<b>Test method &amp; Criterion</b>	UNITED NATIONS "Recommendations on the TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS" Manual of Tests and Criteria ST/SG/AC.10/11/Rev.6/Amend.1
<b>Appearance</b>	Cylindrical type
<b>Verification Issuing Office</b>  <b>Name</b>	AnTek Certification Inc. 7F, No.351, Yangguang St. Taipei, 11491 Taiwan Tel: +886-2-8752-3779; Website: www.atclab.com.tw; E-mail: atc@atclab.com.tw
<b>Date Received</b>	Dec. 15, 2021
<b>Test Performed Date:</b>	Dec. 20, 2021 – Jan. 22, 2022
<b>Conclusion:</b>	The sample has passed the test items of UN 38.3
<b>Date of Issued:</b>	Feb. 17, 2022
<b>Comment:</b>	--

Prepared by:



Ann Kuo  
Project handler

Approved by:



Nick Wu  
Technical reviewer

## TEST ITEMS

No.	Name of Test Items	Conclusion	Remark
T1.	Altitude Simulation	Passed	--
T2.	Thermal Test	Passed	--
T3.	Vibration	Passed	--
T4.	Shock	Passed	--
T5.	External Short Circuit	Passed	--
T6.	Impact	Passed	--
	Crush	N/A	--
T7.	Overcharge	N/A	--
T8.	Forced Discharge	Passed	--
Test Environment Condition		Ambient Temperature: 20.5 °C ~ 23.3°C Ambient Humidity: 53% ~ 62%	

**The report relates only to the object tested and uncertainty of measurement will not be evaluated.**

**Manufacturer:**

1. 製造工廠名稱: 湖北億緯動力有限公司  
製造工廠地址: 湖北省荊門市掇刀區荊南大道 68 號
  
2. 製造工廠名稱: 惠州億緯鋰能股份有限公司  
製造工廠地址: 中國廣東省惠州市仲愷高新區惠風七路 38 號



## SAMPLES FOR TYPE TESTS:

Test Number	Cell / Battery Type	Test Samples
T1 ~ T5	<input type="checkbox"/> Primary Cells	Ten cells in undischarged states Ten cells in fully discharged states
	<input type="checkbox"/> Primary Batteries (Small Type)	Four batteries in undischarged states Four batteries in fully discharged states
	<input type="checkbox"/> Primary Batteries (Large Type)	Four batteries in undischarged states Four batteries in fully discharged states
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Rechargeable Cells	Five cells at first cycle, in fully charged states Five cells after 25 cycles ending in fully charged states
	<input type="checkbox"/> Single Cell type Battery	Five cells at first cycle, in fully charged states Five cells after 25 cycles ending in fully charged states
	<input type="checkbox"/> Rechargeable Batteries (Small Type)	Four batteries at first cycle, in fully charged states Four batteries after 25 cycles ending in fully charged states
	<input type="checkbox"/> Rechargeable Batteries (Large Type)	Two batteries at first cycle, in fully charged states Two batteries after 25 cycles ending in fully charged states
T6	<input type="checkbox"/> Primary cells	Five cells in undischarged states Five cells in fully discharged states
	<input type="checkbox"/> Component cells of primary batteries	Five cells in undischarged states Five cells in fully discharged states
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Rechargeable cells	Five cells at first cycle at 50% of the design rated capacity Five cells after 25 cycles ending at 50% of the design rated capacity
	<input type="checkbox"/> Component cells of rechargeable batteries	Five cells at first cycle at 50% of the design rated capacity Five cells after 25 cycles ending at 50% of the design rated capacity
T7	<input type="checkbox"/> Rechargeable Batteries (Small Type)	Four batteries at first cycle, in fully charged states Four batteries after 25 cycles ending in fully charged states
	<input type="checkbox"/> Rechargeable Batteries (Large Type)	Two batteries at first cycle, in fully charged states Two batteries after 25 cycles ending in fully charged states
T8	<input type="checkbox"/> Primary cells	Ten cells in fully discharged states
	<input type="checkbox"/> Primary component cells	Ten cells in fully discharged states
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Rechargeable cells	Ten cells, at first cycle in fully discharged states Ten cells after 25 cycles ending in fully discharged states
	<input type="checkbox"/> Rechargeable component cells	Ten cells, at first cycle in fully discharged states Ten cells after 25 cycles ending in fully discharged states



# T1: Altitude Simulation

## Test procedure:

Test cells and batteries shall be stored at a pressure of 11.6 kPa or less for at least six hours at ambient temperature ( $20 \pm 5$  °C).

## Requirement:

Cells and batteries meet this requirement if there is no leakage, no venting, no disassembly, no rupture and no fire and if the open circuit voltage of each test cell or battery after testing is not less than 90% of its voltage immediately prior to this procedure. The requirement relating to voltage is not applicable to test cells and batteries at fully discharged states.

## Results:

Sample No	Sample State	Before Test		After Test		Mass Loss (%)	Residual Voltage (%)	Phenomenon
		Mass (g)	Open-Circuit Voltage (V)	Mass (g)	Open-Circuit Voltage (V)			
01	A	47.745	4.186	47.744	4.178	0.00	99.81	O
02	A	48.207	4.178	48.207	4.170	0.00	99.81	O
03	A	48.177	4.178	48.177	4.170	0.00	99.81	O
04	A	48.144	4.173	48.142	4.167	0.00	99.86	O
05	A	47.998	4.173	47.997	4.168	0.00	99.88	O
06	B	48.284	4.166	48.280	4.159	0.01	99.83	O
07	B	48.094	4.169	48.091	4.162	0.01	99.83	O
08	B	47.896	4.160	47.893	4.156	0.01	99.90	O
09	B	47.761	4.175	47.760	4.169	0.00	99.86	O
10	B	48.141	4.169	48.138	4.169	0.01	100.00	O

### Sample state:

A – Battery at first cycle, in fully charged states.

B – Battery after 25 cycles ending in fully charged states.

### Phenomenon:

L – Leakage; V – Venting; D – Disassembly; R – Rupture; F – Fire.

O - No leakage, no venting, no disassembly, no rupture and no fire.



## T2: Thermal Test

### Test procedure:

Test cells and batteries are to be stored for at least six hours at a test temperature equal to  $72 \pm 2$  °C, followed by storage for at least six hours at a test temperature equal to  $-40 \pm 2$  °C. The maximum time interval between test temperature extremes is 30 minutes. This procedure is to be repeated until 10 total cycles are complete, after which all test cells and batteries are to be stored for 24 hours at ambient temperature ( $20 \pm 5$  °C). For large cells and batteries the duration of exposure to the test temperature extremes should be at least 12 hours.

### Requirement:

Cells and batteries meet this requirement if there is no leakage, no venting, no disassembly, no rupture and no fire and if the open circuit voltage of each test cell or battery after testing is not less than 90% of its voltage immediately prior to this procedure. The requirement relating to voltage is not applicable to test cells and batteries at fully discharged states.

### Results:

Sample No	Sample State	Before Test		After Test		Mass Loss (%)	Residual Voltage (%)	Phenomenon
		Mass (g)	Open-Circuit Voltage (V)	Mass (g)	Open-Circuit Voltage (V)			
01	A	47.744	4.178	47.742	4.122	0.00	98.66	O
02	A	48.207	4.170	48.206	4.113	0.00	98.63	O
03	A	48.177	4.170	48.176	4.113	0.00	98.63	O
04	A	48.142	4.167	48.141	4.111	0.00	98.66	O
05	A	47.997	4.168	47.995	4.111	0.00	98.63	O
06	B	48.280	4.159	48.274	4.109	0.01	98.80	O
07	B	48.091	4.162	48.087	4.110	0.01	98.75	O
08	B	47.893	4.156	47.889	4.107	0.01	98.82	O
09	B	47.760	4.169	47.759	4.111	0.00	98.61	O
10	B	48.138	4.169	48.136	4.110	0.00	98.58	O

#### Sample state:

A – Battery at first cycle, in fully charged states.

B – Battery after 25 cycles ending in fully charged states.

#### Phenomenon:

L – Leakage; V – Venting; D – Disassembly; R – Rupture; F – Fire.

O - No leakage, no venting, no disassembly, no rupture and no fire.



## **T3: Vibration**

### **Test procedure:**

Cells and batteries are firmly secured to the platform of the vibration machine without distorting the cells in such a manner as to faithfully transmit the vibration. The vibration shall be a sinusoidal waveform with a logarithmic sweep between 7 Hz and 200 Hz and back to 7 Hz traversed in 15 minutes. This cycle shall be repeated 12 times for a total of 3 hours for each of three mutually perpendicular mounting positions of the cell. One of the directions of vibration must be perpendicular to the terminal face.

The logarithmic frequency sweep shall differ for cells and batteries with a gross mass of not more than 12 kg (cells and small batteries), and for batteries with a gross mass of more than 12 kg (large batteries).

For cells and small batteries: from 7 Hz a peak acceleration of 1 gn is maintained until 18 Hz is reached. The amplitude is then maintained at 0.8 mm (1.6 mm total excursion) and the frequency increased until a peak acceleration of 8 gn occurs (approximately 50 Hz). A peak acceleration of 8 gn is then maintained until the frequency is increased to 200 Hz.

For large batteries: from 7 Hz to a peak acceleration of 1 gn is maintained until 18 Hz is reached. The amplitude is then maintained at 0.8 mm (1.6 mm total excursion) and the frequency increased until a peak acceleration of 2 gn occurs (approximately 25 Hz). A peak acceleration of 2 gn is then maintained until the frequency is increased to 200 Hz.

### **Requirement:**

Cells and batteries meet this requirement if there is no leakage, no venting, no disassembly, no rupture and no fire during the test and after the test and if the open circuit voltage of each test cell or battery directly after testing in its third perpendicular mounting position is not less than 90% of its voltage immediately prior to this procedure. The requirement relating to voltage is not applicable to test cells and batteries at fully discharged states.

### **Results:**

Sample No	Sample State	Before Test		After Test		Mass Loss (%)	Residual Voltage (%)	Phenomenon
		Mass (g)	Open-Circuit Voltage (V)	Mass (g)	Open-Circuit Voltage (V)			
01	A	47.742	4.122	47.740	4.121	0.00	99.98	O
02	A	48.206	4.113	48.204	4.113	0.00	100.00	O
03	A	48.176	4.113	48.167	4.112	0.02	99.98	O
04	A	48.141	4.111	48.135	4.110	0.01	99.98	O



Sample No	Sample State	Before Test		After Test		Mass Loss (%)	Residual Voltage (%)	Phenomenon
		Mass (g)	Open-Circuit Voltage (V)	Mass (g)	Open-Circuit Voltage (V)			
05	A	47.995	4.111	47.992	4.109	0.01	99.95	O
06	B	48.274	4.109	48.272	4.108	0.00	99.98	O
07	B	48.087	4.110	48.084	4.110	0.01	100.00	O
08	B	47.889	4.107	47.884	4.105	0.01	99.95	O
09	B	47.759	4.111	47.754	4.110	0.01	99.98	O
10	B	48.136	4.110	48.132	4.109	0.01	99.98	O

**Sample state:**

A – Battery at first cycle, in fully charged states.

B – Battery after 25 cycles ending in fully charged states.

**Phenomenon:**

L – Leakage; V – Venting; D – Disassembly; R – Rupture; F – Fire.

O - No leakage, no venting, no disassembly, no rupture and no fire.



## T4: Shock

### Test procedure:

Test cells and batteries shall be secured to the testing machine by means of a rigid mount which will support all mounting surfaces of each test battery.

Each cell shall be subjected to a half-sine shock of peak acceleration of 150 gn and pulse duration of 6 milliseconds. Alternatively, large cells may be subjected to a half-sine shock of peak acceleration of 50 gn and pulse duration of 11 milliseconds.

Each battery shall be subjected to a half-sine shock of peak acceleration depending on the mass of the battery. The pulse duration shall be 6 milliseconds for small batteries and 11 milliseconds for large batteries. The formulas below are provided to calculate the appropriate minimum peak accelerations.

Battery	Minimum peak acceleration	Pulse duration
Small batteries	150 gn or result of formula $Acceleration(g_n) = \sqrt{\left(\frac{100850}{mass^a}\right)}$ whichever is smaller	6 ms
Large batteries	50 gn or result of formula $Acceleration(g_n) = \sqrt{\left(\frac{30000}{mass^a}\right)}$ whichever is smaller	11 ms

<sup>a</sup> Mass is expressed in kilograms.

The relationship between minimum peak acceleration and mass is illustrated in Figure 38.3.4.1 for small batteries and Figure 38.3.4.2 for large batteries.

Each cell or battery shall be subjected to three shocks in the positive direction and to three shocks in the negative direction in each of three mutually perpendicular mounting positions of the cell or battery for a total of 18 shocks.

### Requirement:

Cells and batteries meet this requirement if there is no leakage, no venting, no disassembly, no rupture and no fire and if the open circuit voltage of each test cell or battery after testing is not less than 90% of its voltage immediately prior to this procedure. The requirement relating to voltage is not applicable to test cells and batteries at fully discharged states.





**Results:**

Sample No	Sample State	Before Test		After Test		Mass Loss (%)	Residual Voltage (%)	Phenomenon
		Mass (g)	Open-Circuit Voltage (V)	Mass (g)	Open-Circuit Voltage (V)			
01	A	47.740	4.121	47.738	4.120	0.00	99.98	O
02	A	48.204	4.113	48.202	4.111	0.00	99.95	O
03	A	48.167	4.112	48.166	4.112	0.00	100.00	O
04	A	48.135	4.110	48.133	4.109	0.00	99.98	O
05	A	47.992	4.109	47.988	4.109	0.01	100.00	O
06	B	48.272	4.108	48.268	4.106	0.01	99.95	O
07	B	48.084	4.110	48.081	4.110	0.01	100.00	O
08	B	47.884	4.105	47.880	4.105	0.01	100.00	O
09	B	47.754	4.110	47.751	4.110	0.01	100.00	O
10	B	48.132	4.109	48.128	4.109	0.01	100.00	O

**Sample state:**

A – Battery at first cycle, in fully charged states.

B – Battery after 25 cycles ending in fully charged states.

**Phenomenon:**

L – Leakage; V – Venting; D – Disassembly; R – Rupture; F – Fire.

O - No leakage, no venting, no disassembly, no rupture and no fire.



## T5: External Short Circuit

### Test procedure:

The cell or battery to be tested shall be shall be heated for a period of time necessary to reach a homogeneous stabilized temperature of  $57 \pm 4$  °C, measured on the external case. This period of time depends on the size and design of the cell or battery and should be assessed and documented. If this assessment is not feasible, the exposure time shall be at least 6 hours for small cells and small batteries, and 12 hours for large cells and large batteries. Then the cell or battery at  $57 \pm 4$  °C shall be subjected to one short circuit condition with a total external resistance of less than 0.1 ohm.

This short circuit condition is continued for at least one hour after the cell or battery external case temperature has returned to  $57 \pm 4$  °C, or in the case of the large batteries, has decreased by half of the maximum temperature increase observed during the test and remains below that value.

The short circuit and cooling down phases shall be conducted at least at ambient temperature.

### Requirement:

Cells and batteries meet this requirement if their external temperature does not exceed 170 °C and there is no disassembly, no rupture and no fire during the test and within six hours after the test.

### Results:

Sample No	Sample State	External Highest Temperature (°C)	Initial Voltage(V)	External resistance(mΩ)	Phenomenon
01	A	94.1	4.120	85.44	O
02	A	94.8	4.111	81.22	O
03	A	91.7	4.112	82.25	O
04	A	92.3	4.109	82.43	O
05	A	93.5	4.109	79.27	O
06	B	93.1	4.106	85.96	O
07	B	93.5	4.110	80.14	O
08	B	91.0	4.105	82.57	O
09	B	93.5	4.110	78.59	O
10	B	94.6	4.109	80.21	O

#### Sample state:

A – Battery at first cycle, in fully charged states.

B – Battery after 25 cycles ending in fully charged states.



Sample No	Sample State	External Highest Temperature (°C)	Initial Voltage(V)	External resistance(mΩ)	Phenomenon
<b>Phenomenon:</b> L – Leakage; V – Venting; D – Disassembly; R – Rupture; F – Fire. O - No leakage, no venting, no disassembly, no rupture and no fire.					



## **T6: Impact/Crush**

### **Test procedure - Impact (applicable to cylindrical cells not less than 18.0 mm in diameter):**

The test sample cell or component cell is to be placed on a flat smooth surface. A 15.8 mm  $\pm$  0.1 mm diameter, at least 6 cm long, or the longest dimension of the cell, whichever is greater, Type 316 stainless steel bar is to be placed across the centre of the sample. A 9.1 kg  $\pm$  0.1 kg mass is to be dropped from a height of 61  $\pm$  2.5 cm at the intersection of the bar and sample in a controlled manner using a near frictionless, vertical sliding track or channel with minimal drag on the falling mass. The vertical track or channel used to guide the falling mass shall be oriented 90 degrees from the horizontal supporting surface.

The test sample is to be impacted with its longitudinal axis parallel to the flat surface and perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of the 15.8 mm  $\pm$  0.1 mm diameter curved surface lying across the centre of the test sample. Each sample is to be subjected to only a single impact.

### **Test procedure - Crush (applicable to prismatic, pouch, coin/button cells and cylindrical cells less than 18.0 mm in diameter):**

A cell or component cell is to be crushed between two flat surfaces. The crushing is to be gradual with a speed of approximately 1.5 cm/s at the first point of contact. The crushing is to be continued until the first of the three options below is reached.

- (a) The applied force reaches 13 kN  $\pm$  0.78 kN;

Example: The force shall be applied by a hydraulic ram with a 32 mm diameter piston until a pressure of 17 MPa is reached on the hydraulic ram.

- (b) The voltage of the cell drops by at least 100 mV; or

- (c) The cell is deformed by 50% or more of its original thickness.

Once the maximum pressure has been obtained, the voltage drops by 100 mV or more, or the cell is deformed by at least 50% of its original thickness, the pressure shall be released.

A prismatic or pouch cell shall be crushed by applying the force to the widest side. A button/coin cell shall be crushed by applying the force on its flat surfaces. For cylindrical cells, the crush force shall be applied perpendicular to the longitudinal axis.

Each test cell or component cell is to be subjected to one crush only. The test sample shall be observed for a further 6 h. The test shall be conducted using test cells or component cells that have not previously been subjected to other tests.

**Note:** Diameter here refers to the design parameter (for example the diameter of 18650 cells is 18.0 mm).



**Requirement:**

Cells and component cells meet this requirement if their external temperature does not exceed 170 °C and there is no disassembly and no fire during the test and within six hours after this test.

**Results:**

Sample No	Sample State	External Highest Temperature (°C)	Phenomenon
11	A	35.3	O
12	A	52.2	O
13	A	83.6	O
14	A	119.0	O
15	A	131.5	O
16	B	124.7	O
17	B	124.4	O
18	B	128.3	O
19	B	122.0	O
20	B	116.3	O

**Sample state:**

A – Cell at first cycle at 50% of the design rated capacity.

B – Cell after 25 cycles ending at 50% of the design rated capacity.

**Phenomenon:**

D – Disassembly; F – Fire; O - No disassembly and no fire;



## T8: Forced Discharge

### Test procedure

Each cell shall be forced discharged at ambient temperature by connecting it in series with a 12V D.C. power supply at an initial current equal to the maximum discharge current specified by the manufacturer.

The specified discharge current is to be obtained by connecting a resistive load of the appropriate size and rating in series with the test cell. Each cell shall be forced discharged for a time interval (in hours) equal to its rated capacity divided by the initial test current (in ampere).

### Requirement

Primary or rechargeable cells meet this requirement if there is no disassembly and no fire during the test and within seven days after the test.

### Results:

Sample No	Sample State	Discharge Current	Discharge Duration	Phenomenon
21	A	10.2 A	0.35 h	O
22	A	10.2 A	0.35 h	O
23	A	10.2 A	0.35 h	O
24	A	10.2 A	0.35 h	O
25	A	10.2 A	0.35 h	O
26	A	10.2 A	0.35 h	O
27	A	10.2 A	0.35 h	O
28	A	10.2 A	0.35 h	O
29	A	10.2 A	0.35 h	O
30	A	10.2 A	0.35 h	O
31	B	10.2 A	0.35 h	O
32	B	10.2 A	0.35 h	O
33	B	10.2 A	0.35 h	O
34	B	10.2 A	0.35 h	O
35	B	10.2 A	0.35 h	O
36	B	10.2 A	0.35 h	O
37	B	10.2 A	0.35 h	O
38	B	10.2 A	0.35 h	O
39	B	10.2 A	0.35 h	O
40	B	10.2 A	0.35 h	O

#### Sample state:

A – Cell at first cycle in fully discharged states.

B – Cell after 25 cycles ending in fully discharged states.



Sample No	Sample State	Discharge Current	Discharge Duration	Phenomenon
<b>Phenomenon:</b> D – Disassembly; F – Fire; O - No disassembly and no fire.				

## Photographs

<Fig. #1>



<Fig. #2>

